ANGLAIS LANGUE SECONDE

ANG-5064-6

DEFINITION OF THE DOMAIN

SEPTEMBRE 1995



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INTRODUCTION

This definition of the domain is intended mainly for those responsible for developing examinations for the English as a Second Language program, level five, in adult education. It will be used for summative evaluation purposes. In it are organized the representative elements of the program. The purpose of defining the domain is to ensure that all examinations are consistent with the overall program.

The definition of the domain will help evaluators understand the principal orientations of the program, as well as its learning content and how it is distributed. It is a prerequisite for the development of examinations.

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1. Orientations

	ORIENTATIONS	CONSEQUENCES		
1.	The program's global objective is to permit the student to communicate in a variety of real-life situations that he or she might reasonably be expected to encounter.	Evaluation will be based on the student's comprehension of authentic oral and written texts similar to those presented in class. The selected texts will be ones that the student might reasonably be expected to encounter outside the classroom.		
		As for expression, evaluation will be based on the student's ability to communicate a significant message in a variety of real-life situations. Therefore the student will perform a number of tasks in a variety of communicative contexts at different times and with different people.		
2.	The program attributes greater importance to oral communication than to written communication, and greater importance to comprehension than to expression. The program specifies the relative importance of the four skills.	Marks will be attributed in the following way: Listening: 30 % Speaking: 30 % Reading: 20 % Writing: 20 %		
3.	The program places a great emphasis on the student's ability to both receive and produce significant messages.	Evaluation of the student's fluency, mastery of grammar, range of vocabulary, pronunciation and use of communication strategies is based on the degree to which these elements aid or hinder communication.		

2. Program Elements

2.1 Content¹

a) Weather

- oral discussions of climatic conditions in different places and at different times;
- radio, TV, newspaper reports on climatic conditions.

b) Food and Drink

- written recipes;
- recipes for his or her specialities;
- instructions for recipes;
- eating and drinking habits;
- nutrition and cooking.

c) Consumer Goods

- written requests and replies for consumer goods or information about consumer goods;
- written and oral operating or assembly instructions.

d) Community Services

- written complaints and replies about unsatisfactory service;
- oral explanations and agreements concerning an unsatisfactory situation:
- discussion of a personal experience in the area of service;
- written and oral expression of appreciation for good service.

2.2 Skills

a) <u>Listening</u>

On hearing oral texts (narrations, statement of opinion, instructions, descriptions of problems, statements of attitude) in a wide variety of real-life situations, the student will be able to:

understand important elements in operating and assembly instructions:

^{1.} The content elements must be seen in the context of the skills (terminal objectives) described on pages 3, 4 and 5.

- identify important details, key words and phrases, the main idea and the conclusion in a narrative;
- find complementary or contradictory information in different oral texts;
- distinguish between arguments for and against an issue;
- recognize a problem stated by another person and the potential solution;
- understand other people's feelings, attitudes and opinions on abstract matters;
- recognize conversational and story-telling techniques;
- recognize statements or ideas reported by another person.

b) Speaking

In a wide variety of real-life situations, the student will be able to:

- describe a series of events;
- narrate a detailed story;
- explain how something is assembled or how it operates;
- make arguments for and against an issue;
- describe a problem and the potential solution;
- ask for and express feelings, attitudes and opinions on abstract matters;
- use conversational and story-telling techniques to aid communication;
- report another person's statement, question or idea;
- summarize information;
- state a conclusion.

c) Reading

On reading written texts (narrations, instructions, statements of opinion and attitude), the student will be able to:

- understand important elements in operating and assembly instructions;
- identify important details, key words and phrases, the main idea and the conclusion in a narration;
- extrapolate information from diagrams, illustrations and graphs;
- find complementary or contradictory information in different texts;
- distinguish between arguments for and against an issue;
- extrapolate information from the opening paragraph, main body and final paragraph of a text;
- recognize a problem stated by another person and the potential solution;
- discern feelings, attitudes and opinions from a written text;
- extrapolate information from credits, titles.

d) Writing

In a limited number of real-life situations, the student will be able to:

- use appropriate language structures in order to make a request, express appreciation, satisfaction or unsatisfaction;
- use proper grammar, vocabulary and spelling to convey information in certain types of letters;
- write clear instructions in a proper sequence.

2.3 Justification of choices

Content elements from the four contexts were retained for purposes of evaluation.

In general, content elements are retained because of their importance in enabling the student to function in the targeted linguistic situations and because of their value in promoting the transfer of abilities to related situations. While content elements were retained for almost all topics in the "listening" category, an individual exam may draw on one topic to the exclusion of another in order to promote the thematic nature of the test, with a limited set of characters in a real-life situation. The terminal objectives to be evaluated remain constant.

A large number of elements from the four topics were retained in order to evaluate speaking skills. However, as students are tested in a maximum of three situations and that these situations vary from student to student, a sufficient number of different test items is necessary to provide choice.

A small number of content elements were retained in "reading" and "writing", given the limited range of tasks students are expected to perform in the written mode. No content elements were rejected for purposes of evaluation.

3. Summary of Program Content to Be Evaluated and Relative Importance

SKILL	WEATHER 10 %	FOOD AND DRINK 15 %
LISTENING (see page 3) identify details, key words and phrases, the main idea, the conclusion, complementary or contradictory information understand important elements in operating and assembly instructions, stated problems and solutions, another person's feelings and opinions on abstract matters, ideas reported by another person distinguish between arguments for and against an issue recognize conversational and story-telling techniques	 radio reports on climatic conditions discussions of climatic conditions in different places and at different times 	 instructions for recipes discussions about habits, nutrition and cooking
	(1) 5 %	(2) 5 %
SPEAKING (see page 4) - narrate a story - describe events, problems, solutions - explain how something functions - make arguments for and against an issue - ask for, express and react to opinions, feelings and attitudes - report another person's idea - use conversational techniques - summarize information - state a conclusion	discussions of climatic conditions in different places and at different times	 instructions for recipes discussions about habits, nutrition and cooking
30 %	(5) 5 %	(6) 5 %
READING (see page 5) — identify important details, key words and phrases, the main idea, the conclusion, contradictory or complementary information, stated problems and their solutions — extrapolate information from diagrams, illustrations, etc. — distinguish between arguments for and against an issue — discern feelings, attitudes and opinions — extrapolate information from credits and titles 20 %		- recipes (9) 5 %
		(9) 5 %
WRITING (see page 5) - use appropriate structures, grammar, vocabulary and spelling to convey information in letters - write clear instructions in a proper sequence 20 %		

CONTENT SKILL	CONS	SUMER GOODS 35 %	СОММС	JNITY SERVICES 40 %
LISTENING (see page 3) identify details, key words and phrases, the main idea, the conclusion, complementary or contradictory information understand important elements in operating and assembly instructions, stated problems and solutions, another person's feelings and opinions on abstract matters, ideas reported by another person distinguish between arguments for and against an issue recognize conversational and story-telling techniques 30 %	consumer goods	eration or assembly of common	factory service	agreements about an unsatis- onal experience in the area of
	(3)	10 %	(4)	10 %
SPEAKING (see page 4) - narrate a story - describe events, problems, solutions - explain how something functions - make arguments for and against an issue - ask for, express and react to opinions, feelings and attitudes - report another person's idea - use conversational techniques - summarize information - state a conclusion	 explanation and incommon consults 	quiries of operation or assembly imer goods	factory service – discussions of per- of service	agreements about an unsatis- sonal experience in the area reciation for good service
30 %	(7)	5 %	(8)	15 %
READING (see page 5) - identify important details, key words and phrases, the main idea, the conclusion, contradictory or complementary information, stated problems and their solutions - extrapolate information from diagrams, illustrations, etc. - distinguish between arguments for and against an issue - discern feelings, attitudes and opinions - extrapolate information from credits and titles	information on co	s for consumer goods or nsumer goods or assembly instructions	written replies to c unsatisfactory serv	
	(10)	10 %	(11)	5 %
WRITING (see page 5) - use appropriate structures, grammar, vocabulary and spelling to convey information in letters - write clear instructions in a proper sequence	,	for consumer goods or for consumer goods		s about unsatisfactory service on for good service
20 %	(12)	10 %	(13)	10 %

3.1 Justification of Distribution

The program establishes the relative importance of the four skills – listening, speaking, reading and writing. These values are respected in the distribution:

Listening	30 %
Speaking	30 %
Reading	20 %
Writing	20 %

Content elements were retained in each of the four unit-settings. The distribution is as follows:

Weather	10 %
Food and Drink	15 %
Consumer Goods	35 %
Community Services	40 %

Such a distribution reflects to a large extent the number of intermediate objectives in each unit-setting. It must be noted, however, that many test items, because of their functional and notional content, apply to several linguistic situations. Thus, test items evaluating similar content elements from several settings may be grouped into one setting.

The weighting of each dimension reflects the relative importance of these content elements in the program as well as the eventual application by the average student learning English in Québec.

4. Description of Observable Behaviour

4.1 <u>Listening (Dimensions 1, 2, 3, 4)</u>

The oral texts will be presented in the context of real-life situations. The subjects of the texts will be both concrete and abstract (e.g. attitudes about nutrition). Contextual support will be provided in the form of clear drawings, sound effects and written texts.

The texts will reflect the degree of difficulty exhibited in the communicative situations. Some of the texts will contain complex sentences, with occasional linguistic screens and some unfamiliar vocabulary.

The student will demonstrate his or her listening skills (identifying, concluding, summarizing, contrasting, distinguishing, reporting, extrapolating) by:

- choosing the appropriate element from among several written or pictorial alternatives;
- matching related written or pictorial elements in relation to an oral message;
- indicating the correct sequence corresponding to oral stimuli;
- indicating the correct information, in writing, to correspond to oral stimuli (one-word answer, short answer).

4.2 <u>Speaking (Dimensions 5, 6, 7, 8)</u>

This skill will be evaluated within the context of real-life situations wherein the student will be required to perform specific communicative tasks corresponding to the objectives of the program. Evaluation will be based on the student's ability to convey a significant message rather than on the form of the discourse.

The evaluation activities will be simulations, role-playing, problemsolving as well as communicative games, discussions and debates. The student will demonstrate his or her speaking skills by:

- conveying a complete and comprehensible message in response to the tasks assigned (comprehensibility);
- conveying the message with ease (fluency);
- using language structures and vocabulary to communicate the message accurately and appropriately (grammar + vocabulary);
- using proper pronunciation, rhythm, stress and intonation to convey a message that is easily comprehensible to a native speaker (pronunciation);
- overcoming communication breakdown by the use of rephrasing, circumlocution, appeals to the interlocutor, repetition, substitution and explanation (communicative strategies).

The allocation of marks for the various elements of observable behaviour is the following:

Comprehensibility	10 %
Fluency	5 %
Grammar + Vocabulary	5 %
Pronunciation	5 %
Communicative Strategies	5 %

A detailed evaluation grid for this skill is found on page 12.

A marking grid, including the five evaluation criteria for speaking and the three tasks to be completed by each student, is found on page 13. Note that 30 points (10+5+5+5+5) are allotted to each task and that the potential total of 90 points for the three tasks must be divided by three to obtain the final mark out of 30.

EVALUATION GRID

SPEAKING

WEIGHTING CRITERIA	0	1	2	3	4	5
COMPREHENSIBILITY	 message not conveyed wrong message conveyed message irrelevant to task communicative task not performed 	 hardly any message conveyed major inaccuracies in message communicative task for the most part not performed 	any teacher hesitation	 most of message conveyed communicative task partially completed 	any teacher hesitation	complete message conveyedtask succesfully completed
FLUENCY	 isolated words or phrases giving no general idea 	 unnatural, halting speech no linking of ideas frequent pauses, hesitations, false starts definite effort and frustration inability to complete idea 	any teacher hesitation	 uneven flow of speech frequent hesitations, pauses certain lack of continuity small degree of frustration occasional groping for words 	any teacher hesitation	 almost natural, smooth speech some slight hesitations, very short pauses easy linking of ideas minimum of searching, frustration
Grammar AND Vocabulary	 errors leading to confused message completely inappropriate to roles and socio- linguistic conventions 	 many errors, some of which lead to misinterpretation speech inappropriate to roles and socio-linguistic conventions 	any teacher hesitation	 many minor errors, few of which lead to misinterpreta- tion some awareness of speech appropriate to roles and socio-linguistic conventions 	any teacher hesitation	 occasional minor errors not leading to misinterpretation general awareness of speech appropriate to roles and socio-linguistic conventions
Pronunciation	 speech unintelligible to native speaker 	poor pronunciation, rhythm, stress, intonationspeech difficult to under- stand for native speaker	any teacher hesitation	 frequent faulty pronunciation, rhythm, stress, intonation generally intelligible to native speaker 	any teacher hesitation	 speech easily intelligible to native speaker despite minor faults in pronuncia- tion, rhythm, stress, into- nation
COMMUNICATIVE STRATEGIES	 no use of communicative strategies 	 limited ability to recognize errors, inaccuracies very limited ability to rephrase, repeat, simplify, circumlocute, appeal to interlocutor for assistance frequent appeal to mother tongue 	any teacher hesitation	 some ability to recognize errors, inaccuracies certain skills in rephrasing, repetition, circumlocution, simplification limited appeal for assistance from interlocutor occasional appeal to mother tongue 	any teacher hesitation	 ability to recognize errors, inaccuracies and correct them effective use of rephrasing, repetition, circumlocution, simplification ability to appeal to interlocutor for assistance

MARKING GRID

SPEAKING

CRITERIA TASK	COMPREHENSIBILITY	FLUENCY	GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY	PRONUNCIATION	COMMUNICATIVE STRATEGY	TOTAL
TASK 1 (30 points)	/5 x2	/5 x1	/5 x1	/5 x1	/5 x1	
Date:	/10	/5	/5	/5	/5	/30
TASK 2 (30 points)	/5 x2	/5 x1	/5 x1	/5 x1	/5 x1	
Date:	/10	/5	/5	/5	/5	/30
TASK 3 (30 points)	/5 x2	/5 x1	/5 x1	/5 x1	/5 x1	
Date:	/10	/5	/5	/5	/5	/30
					Total Score:	/90
			Final sco	ore for speaking _	/90 ÷ 3 =	/30

SUMMARY

Listening (Part I)	/	
Reading and Writing (Part 2)	/	Teacher's signature
Speaking (Part 3)	/	Date:
Total	/	

Centre			
Name of student			
Student number			
Course			

4.3 Reading (Dimensions 9, 10, 11)

The written texts will resemble authentic written documents that the student is likely to encounter and that have been studied (recipes, replies for requests or information on consumer goods, operating or assembly instructions, replies to complaints about unsatisfactory service).

The student will demonstrate his or her reading abilities (identifying, concluding, summarizing, contrasting, distinguishing, extrapolating, discerning) by:

- using the written document (e.g. operating or assembly instructions) to successfully complete a task (e.g. extrapolate information from diagrams, illustrations, etc.);
- matching a written message to a pictorial representation;
- making the appropriate written reply to a written stimulus;
- choosing the appropriate element from among several written or pictorial alternatives;
- rearranging several written or pictorial elements in terms of sequence, chronology, degree, etc.

4.4 Writing (Dimensions 12, 13)

Writing skills will be evaluated within the context of real-life situations wherein the student will be required to perform specific communicative tasks, corresponding to the objectives.

A detailed evaluation checklist for this skill is found on the next page. The answer key will indicate when the proposed checklist should be used.

The tasks will be drawn from dimensions 12 and 13 (requests for consumer goods or for information about consumer goods, complaints about unsatisfactory service and appreciation for good service).

The student will demonstrate his or her writing skills by:

- writing one-word, short-phrase and short-sentence responses to a written stimulus;
- writing one-word, short-phrase and short-sentence responses to an oral stimulus;
- writing short letters of up to 250 words based on a topic familiar to the student or on information supplied by the examiner.

EVALUATION CHECKLIST FOR ADMINISTRATIVE USE IN WRITTEN EXPRESSION

The following set of criteria can be used in evaluating the student's writing to accomplish a particular task.

comnappronatur	age completely conveyed nunicative task successfully completed opriate use of vocabulary al language structure ct spelling	5/5
comnapprominor	age completely conveyed nunicative task successfully completed opriate use of vocabulary r errors in language structure not leading to misinterpretation r errors in spelling not leading to misinterpretation	4/5
comnminoserrorstation	age mostly conveyed nunicative task for the most part completed inappropriateness in use of vocabulary in language structure leading to a possibility of misinterpreserved a serrors in spelling occasionally hindering comprehension	3/5
– comn – frequ leadir	age partly conveyed nunicative task partially completed ent inappropriateness in vocabulary use and language structure ng to difficulties in interpretation ent errors in spelling leading to difficulties in interpretation	2/5
– comn – majo	age barely conveyed nunicative task for the most part not completed r errors in use of vocabulary, language structure and spelling ng to incomprehension or misinterpretation	1/5
– no m	essage conveyed	0/5

5. Exam Characteristics

5.1 Type of Exam

There will be two types of exams: oral exams, which measure speaking, and a final written exam, which measures listening, reading and writing.

The oral exams will count for 30 %.

The final exam will count for 70 % (listening - 30 %, reading - 20 %, writing - 20 %).

5.2 Exam Parameters

a) Oral Exam (Speaking)

Content

The activities used in evaluation will be simulations, role-playing, problem-solving as well as communicative games, discussions and debates.

Not all students will be evaluated on the same task. However, each student will be required to undertake a sampling of communicative tasks of comparable difficulty from dimensions 5, 6, 7 and 8.

Schedule

There will be three evaluation sessions for each student held at different times throughout the course. The three sessions will be held to correspond to the following unit-settings:

Session 1 – Weather

Food and Drink

Session 2 – Consumer Goods

Session 3 – Community Services

The sequence in which the evaluation sessions are presented is left entirely to the discretion of the teacher.

The total time allotted to the evaluation of speaking should not exceed, on the average, four minutes per student per evaluation session (twelve minutes per course).

Organization

The student will be observed as he or she performs a specific communicative task within a small group (2 to 4 people).

The oral evaluation will be a regular part of the second-language classroom. The student must be informed when he or she is being evaluated and on what criteria.

It is important to reiterate that summative evaluation, which counts towards the student's final mark, can take place only on completion of the integrated learning activities and formative evaluation designed to help the student measure his or her progress.

Materials

The evaluation material will include a sufficient number of test items to evaluate speaking skills for each session. A teacher's copy and, when necessary, a student's copy of the items will be provided.

Many of the test items can be adapted so as to be more pertinent to individual students' situations. Suggestions to this end accompany many items.

Examiners may use the evaluation and marking grids in this guide to record marks.

b) Final Exam (Listening, Reading, Writing)

Content

The final exam will comprise Part 1 (listening) corresponding to dimensions 1 to 4, and Part 2 (reading and writing) corresponding to dimensions 9 to 13.

Schedule

The final exam will be held at the end of the 100-hour session or on completion of the course.

Part 1 of the exam will take no more than one hour to complete. The total time is determined by the audio recording which, once started, must not be stopped. Part 2 must be completed within ninety minutes. The exams may or may not be given consecutively. Normally, Part 1 is administered before Part 2.

Organization

The final exam can be given to the students as a group or on an individual basis.

Materials

The instructions and stimuli for Part 1 of the final exam will be presented both on paper and on audio tape.

The evaluation materials include:

- an audio recording on cassette;
- a tapescript;
- a student's booklet;
- a student's answer sheet;
- a correction key.

The instructions and stimuli for Part 2 of the final exam will be presented only on paper.

The evaluation materials include:

- a student's booklet;
- a student's answer sheet;
- a correction key.

Students are allowed to use dictionaries for Part 2 of the final exam. They are not, however, permitted to use class notes.

5.3 Passing Mark and Retake

The student must obtain 60 percent when the marks for all three parts (listening, reading and writing, and speaking) are combined.

In those cases where 60 percent is not attained, students are required to retake the part they did not succeed or the combined parts of the exam. Of course, such retakes should be administered only after sufficient language acquisition has occurred to permit a reasonable chance of success.

A different version of the exam is used.

